

Election Period Policy

Policy outcome	<p>Council complies with its legislative requirements under the <i>Local Government Act 2020</i>, and City of Port Phillip Councillors, Council Officers, and the community are aware of what can and cannot be done during the election period.</p> <p>Councillors and Council Officers act in an accountable, transparent, and lawful way during the election period.</p> <p>External candidates for election are expected to comply with the obligations of this policy where they apply.</p> <p>Council meets the strategic directions detailed in the Council Plan 2021-31, particularly the commitment to be a well-governed Port Phillip.</p>
Responsible area	Governance and Organisational Performance
Version	Version 2.0
Date adopted	1 November 2023
Planned review date	August 2027

1. Scope

- 1.1. The Election Period Policy provides a framework for decisions prohibited by the Council during the election period in accordance with the *Local Government Act 2020* (the Act), and the procedures to be applied by Council during the election period.
- 1.2. This policy applies to all Councillors and Council Officers (Officers) of the City of Port Phillip.
- 1.3. External candidates for election are expected to comply with the obligations of this policy where they apply.

2. Election Period

- 2.1 The election period (often referred to as caretaker period) is the period that starts from the last day that nominations to be a candidate for that election can be received and ends at 6pm on Election Day.
- 2.2 During an election period, local government goes into 'caretaker' mode, avoiding actions and decisions which could be seen to be influencing voters or which will have a significant impact on the incoming Council.
- 2.3 The term of office of a Councillor expires at 6am on the day of the general election.

2.4 Election Period Notification

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) will ensure that all Councillors and Officers are aware of this policy, at least 30 days prior to the commencement of the Election Period.

2.5 Election Period Guidelines

2.5.1 The CEO may issue guidelines to:

- Officers on their role and responsibilities in the implementation of this policy
- Councillors to inform them about the changes to services, processes, and procedures that may impact them in their role during the election period.

2.6 Implementation of the Election Period Policy

2.6.1 The Head of Governance is responsible for:

- the implementation, including monitoring and reporting on the effectiveness of the policy
- providing support and training to Councillors and Officers to promote awareness and compliance with this policy
- working with the Executive Leadership Team and the relevant Managers, to ensure the policy is implemented in accordance with the relevant legislation.

3. Decision making during the election period

3.1 Council, a delegated committee of Council, or a person acting under delegation must not make prohibited or inappropriate decisions during the election period for a general election.

3.2 This does not extend to decisions made prior to the election period, which can be implemented during this time.

3.3 Prohibited decisions

3.3.1 Under section 69 of the Act, Council is prohibited from making any decision during the election period that:

- a) Relates to the appointment or remuneration of a CEO but not to the appointment or remuneration of an Acting CEO.
- b) Commits the Council to expenditure exceeding one per cent of the Council's income from general rates, municipal charges and service rates and charges in the preceding financial year.
- c) The Council considers could be reasonably deferred until the next Council is in place.
- d) The Council considers should not be made during an election period (Inappropriate decisions).



- 3.3.2 The Act prohibits any Council decision during the election period for a general election or a by-election that would enable the use of Council's resources in a way that is intended to influence, or is likely to influence, voting at the election.
- 3.3.3 Any Council decision made in contravention of 3.3.1(a) and (b) above, is invalid.
- 3.3.4 Any person who suffers any loss or damage as a result of acting in good faith on a Council decision that is invalid by virtue of section 69(4) of the Act, is entitled to compensation from the Council for that loss or damage.

3.4 Scheduling consideration of prohibited decisions

- 3.4.1 The CEO will as far as possible, ensure that prohibited decisions are either:
 - considered prior to the commencement of the election period; or
 - deferred where appropriate for determination by the incoming Council; and
 - the order of business for any Council Meeting scheduled during the election period does not include any matters requiring prohibited decisions or matters that could be considered prohibited decisions.

3.5 Inappropriate decisions

- 3.5.1 Inappropriate decisions are defined as meaning:
 - a) Decisions that would affect voting in an election
 - b) Decisions that may unreasonably bind an incoming Council and could reasonably be made after the election

3.6 Inappropriate decisions that will be avoided

- 3.6.1 The following inappropriate decisions, whether made by Council, a Delegated Committee or an Officer acting under delegated authority, will be avoided during the election period:
 - Acquisition of land
 - Adoption or amendment of the Port Phillip Planning Scheme
 - Adoption or amendment of policies, protocols, strategies, master plans or frameworks
 - Adoption or amendment of the Council Plan
 - Adoption of a revised budget
 - Adoption or amendment of a Local Law
 - Allocation of grants or awards to individuals or organisations
 - Appointing representatives to Council committees
 - Disposal of land or assets
 - Endorsing submissions to government or public bodies
 - Employment matters pertaining to the CEO
 - Entering into a contract or entrepreneurial agreement exceeding the prescribed amount

- Entering into agreements (excluding an Enterprise Agreement), deeds or leases
- Naming or re-naming of roads, reserves or features
- Reviewing of programs or service provision
- Any other decision that the CEO considers should be made outside of the election period.

3.7 Election Period Statement in Reports

- 3.7.1 All reports to Council and Delegated Committees will be assessed by the CEO, in accordance with the Act and this policy. If approved for inclusion in the meeting agenda, each report will include a statement declaring that it could not reasonably result in a prohibited or inappropriate decision.

3.8 Considerations for Officers with delegated authority

- 3.8.1 Most Council decisions are made via formal delegation to Officers. Any decision of a delegated Officer is deemed to be a decision of Council. The same limitations will apply to them during the election period.
- 3.8.2 Before making any decisions under delegated authority during the election period, Officers should consider the following:
- whether the decision is prohibited under the definitions detailed in 3.3 of this policy
 - whether the decision is an inappropriate decision as detailed under 3.5 and 3.6 of this policy
 - the urgency of the issue (that is, can it be delayed until after the election period?)
 - the possibility of financial repercussions if it is deferred
 - whether the decision is likely to influence voters or be controversial
 - if the decision is in the best interests of Council.

3.9 Council and Committee meetings

The following protocols will apply for Council and Committee meetings during the election period.

3.9.1 Council and Committee Meeting Agendas

- 3.9.1.1 The standard agenda for any Council meeting to be held during the election period will be modified so that the following items will not be considered:
- Petitions and joint letters
 - Public question time
 - Councillor question time
 - Notices of Motion
 - Reports by Councillor delegates

- 3.9.1.2 Items proposed as urgent business must be assessed in accordance with the Act and this policy. If approved for inclusion in the meeting agenda, items of urgent business must also include an election period statement that they could not reasonably result in a prohibited or inappropriate decision.

3.9.2 Audio and Video Recordings of Council and Delegated Committees

- 3.9.2.1 Agenda papers, minutes, and live streaming for Council and Delegated Committee Meetings will continue to be delivered during the election period.
- 3.9.2.2 Recordings of Council and Delegated Committee Meetings will not be made available on Council's website until after the election period has ended.

3.10 Council Advisory, Reference Committees and Working Groups

- 3.10.1 With the exception of the Audit and Risk Committee, the operation of Council Advisory, Reference Committees and Working Groups shall be suspended upon the commencement of the election period ahead of a general Council election.

3.11 Councillor appointments to external committees

- 3.11.1 Where a Councillor has been appointed to an external committee or board it is expected that they will attend meetings of the committee or board during the election period. However, the Councillor may attend only in their role as a Councillor. A Councillor must not attend an external committee or board meeting, where they are a Councillor representative, in their capacity as a candidate. A Councillor must be mindful of their obligations under this election period policy, and not conduct any electoral campaigning activities at the meeting.

3.12 Councillor Briefings

- 3.12.1 Weekly Councillor Briefings are a forum for information sharing and providing direction on services, strategy, and policy. As Councillor Briefings may address decisions likely to come before Council, they will not be held during the election period.

4. Publishing and Communications

4.1 Electoral Offences

4.1.1 Printing and publication of electoral material

A person must not print, publish or distribute or cause, permit or authorise to be printed, published or distributed, electoral material unless the name and address of the person who authorised the electoral material is clearly displayed on its face.

Penalty:

In the case of a natural person, 10 penalty units;

In the case of a body corporate, 50 penalty units.

4.1.2 Misleading or deceptive matter

A person must not print, publish or distribute; or cause, permit or authorise to be printed, published or distributed any matter or thing that the person knows, or should reasonably be expected to know, is likely to mislead or deceive a voter in relation to the casting of the vote of the voter.

Penalty:

In the case of a natural person, 60 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months;
In the case of a body corporate, 300 penalty units.

4.1.3 Author to be identified

A person must not during the election period print, publish or distribute; or cause, permit or authorise to be printed, published or distributed a newspaper, circular or pamphlet containing an article, report, letter or other matter containing electoral matter unless the author's name and address are set out at the end of the article, report, letter or other matter, or if only part of the article, report, letter or other matter appears in any issue of a newspaper, circular or pamphlet at the end of that part.

Penalty:

In the case of a natural person, 10 penalty units;
In the case of a body corporate, 50 penalty units.

4.1.4 The CEO should review all publications produced and distributed by the Council during the election period to confirm that the publication complies with the Act in circumstances where the publication contains electoral matter, i.e., any matter that is "intended or likely to affect voting in an election".

4.1.5 Without limiting the generality of the definition of electoral matter, matter is to be taken to be intended or likely to affect voting in an election if it contains an express or implicit reference to, or comment on the election, a candidate in the election, or an issue submitted to, or otherwise before, the voters in connection with the election.

4.1.6 This is to be broadly interpreted to refer to documents that are produced for communicating with the community and will include, amongst other things:

- Council newsletters and other circulars (hardcopy and/or electronic)
- Advertisements and notices
- Media releases and responses to media enquiries
- Leaflets, brochures, pamphlets, handbills, flyers, magazines, books and stickers
- Mail outs to multiple addresses
- New website material and Social media content
- Material to publicise a function or event
- Notices or posters placed on Council controlled property, including walls, noticeboards, and electronic noticeboards and screens



- 4.1.7 Documents that were published prior to the commencement of the election period, or that are required to be published in accordance with any Act or regulation, are exempted from the requirements of this Policy.

4.2 Process for review of publications

- 4.2.1 Officers will vet all publications before they are recommended to be confirmed by the CEO as suitable for printing, publishing or distributing during the election period.
- 4.2.2 The below wording will be used to ensure compliance with the Act when publishing material:

Authorised by the Chief Executive Officer of the City of Port Phillip, 99A Carlisle Street St Kilda

- 4.2.3 a record of all publications confirmed by the CEO will kept via Council's records management system.

4.3 Information about the Election

Council may provide information, education and publicity designed only to promote public participation in the electoral processes.

4.4 DiverCity newsletter

DiverCity newsletter will not be published or distributed during the election period.

4.5 Annual Report

The Act requires the annual report to be submitted to the Minister for Local Government. The Act also requires Council to consider the annual report at a Council meeting prior to Election Day. The annual report will be published during the election period and will not contain any material that could be regarded as overt electioneering or that inappropriately promotes individual councillors. At the CEO's discretion, the information within the annual report may be restricted to what is required by the Act. The annual report does not require certification by the CEO however any publication of an extract or summary of the Annual Report will require certification.

During the election period the Annual Report will not contain a Foreword from the Mayor.

4.6 Council and Delegated Committee Meetings

Public notice of Council meetings and Delegated Committee meetings, and agenda papers and minutes of Council and Delegated Committee meetings do not require review by the CEO unless they are printed or published for a wider distribution than normal.

4.7 City of Port Phillip websites

During the election period Councillor profile pages will be limited to names, contact details, date elected and membership of committees. There will be no photographs, biographies or policy statements.

New content can only be added to the website, or content updated, if the content complies with the Act and where necessary has been confirmed by the CEO.

Website content will be reviewed prior to the election period commencing and any prohibited information will be redacted or removed by the beginning of the election period.

4.8 Media

The CEO must sign-off on all media releases and media responses.

Media releases and media responses must not refer to Councillors or any candidate and must not comment on an issue likely to be an election issue.

Media enquiries will be channelled through the CEO who will determine who the appropriate spokesperson will be. The CEO will be the spokesperson of the Council where the issue relates to electoral matters including issues before the voters.

Councillors will not use their position as an elected representative or their access to Council staff and other Council resources to gain media attention in support of an election campaign.

4.9 Social Media

Any publication of comments or new content on social media sites (that are managed by Council) must be confirmed by the CEO during the election period. Where it is necessary to identify a spokesperson for comment on Council's social media channels, the CEO will determine the spokesperson and certify commentary.

At the commencement of the election period, Council will advise social media subscribers that comments containing electoral matter will be deleted.

Staff responsible for administering individual social media sites will monitor their respective sites during the election period and use moderation features where available to ensure no electoral matter is posted.

Information published prior to Election Period on Council's social media and website is not subject to CEO certification.

5. Consultation and Engagement

- 5.1 Community consultation** involves inviting stakeholders (individuals, groups, organisations or the public generally) to a public consultation process to receive feedback on a project, issue or policy. Some topics of community consultation may have the potential to be an election issue therefore no community consultation will take place during the election period.

5.2 Public consultation associated with activities and decisions which are the subject of statutory processes can be expected to continue through the election period to ensure Council does not breach its statutory obligations, for example:

- Consultations involving Council staff, Councillors and interested persons regarding applications under the *Planning and Environment Act 1987*; and
- Consultation required in accordance with the *Local Government Act 2020*

Discussions at these meetings are not to involve election issues or significant community consultation on major developments, strategy or policy issues.

5.3 Where community engagement has occurred prior to the election period but the report has not yet proceeded to a Council or Delegated Committee meeting, results of the consultation will also not be provided to a meeting until the election period has concluded, unless required to meet Council's statutory obligations.

5.4 Council currently has seventeen **Community Reference Committees (Advisory Committees)**, these committees may discuss potential election issues so consequently these committees will not meet during the election period. Meetings of forums and groups which have been established by Council, and not captured as Advisory Committees, should also not be held during the election period.

6. Events and Functions

6.1 During the election period, Councillors may continue to attend functions and events. Council run events will be scheduled to ensure only those essential to the operations of Council, that must be held at a specific time which coincides with the election (i.e., the Seniors Festival) are run during the Election Period.

6.2 Where events and functions are held, candidates who are not currently Councillors will be invited to attend if appropriate to the type of event or function.

6.3 No election material or active campaigning is to be conducted at Council sponsored events or displayed in/on or distributed at any Council building.

6.4 Guest lists to any Council organised event or function during the election period must be approved by the CEO.

6.5 For those functions referred to in clause 6.1, the CEO (or his delegate) will fulfil any speaking requirements. The Mayor and Councillors must not give speeches or addresses at Council organised or sponsored events and functions during the election period.

6.6 Public events and functions staged by external bodies

6.6.1 Where a Councillor has received an invitation to an external event and has determined to accept the invitation, the Councillor must make a clear separation between attendance in their role as a Councillor, or attendance in their role as a candidate.

6.6.2 A Councillor may not attend an event in their capacity as both Councillor and candidate. If a Councillor gives a speech or public comment at an external event or function, they must make it clear that they are speaking as a candidate.

7. Council resources

- 7.1 Council resources, including offices, support staff, hospitality services, equipment and stationery must be used exclusively for normal Council business during the election period and must not be used in connection with an election.
- 7.2 Councillors must not use Council resources in connection with any activities associated with any election campaign.

7.3 Councillor Requests

Councillors can only make operational requests through the CRM system covering issues such as but not limited to roads, footpaths, trees, waste management and general amenity. Such requests will be administered as community requests.

All information requests received during the election period will be handled in accordance with 8.6 of this policy.

7.4 Council Data

Databases and mailing lists held by the organisation remain the property of the Council and are subject to the requirements of the *Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014* and are not available to members of the public, candidates or to Councillors.

7.5 Councillor Correspondence

- 7.5.1 A key part of the role of a Councillor is to engage with members of the community, including responding to any correspondence received. While this must continue during the election period, it is important that Officers are not perceived as providing Councillors any undue advantage over other candidates.
- 7.5.2 During the election period, any responses prepared by the administration in response to correspondence addressed to a Councillor will therefore be signed by the CEO or relevant General Manager or Manager as appropriate. Such responses will acknowledge the Officer is responding due to limitations imposed upon Councillors during the election period.

7.6 Use of Council equipment and services by Councillors

- 7.6.1 Councillors may continue to use any Council equipment and services provided to them to facilitate their performance of normal Council duties.
- 7.6.2 The following is expressly prohibited:
- Photocopying, scanning, or printing for election campaigning purposes by Councillors or Officers on Council equipment, or the preparation or production of any materials associated with a candidate's election campaign by an Officer
 - Council logos, letterheads, or other Council branding used for, or linked in any way to a candidate's election campaign
 - The use of Council issued mobile phones, computers, or email addresses for election campaigning purposes

- The use of Council’s webpages or social media pages, including the use of links, for any activity related to election campaigning
 - The Distribution or displaying of election material in or on Council facilities, libraries or community noticeboards.
 - The use of photographs and images paid for by Council or taken by Officers are not to be used in electoral material for any Candidate. This includes images of Councillors, Council events and Council owned or maintained infrastructure.
- 7.7 Councillors may use the title “Councillor” in their election material, as they continue to hold office during the election period.
- 7.8 Councillors should ensure that any election publication using the title “Councillor” clearly indicates that it is their own material and does not represent Council.
- 7.9 Councillors should also be mindful to manage any perceived conflicts even where a direct expense isn’t incurred, this may include for example:
- Where campaign-related emails are received in a Council email account, send any responses from a private email and encourage the correspondent to use that account in future.
 - Where campaign-related calls are received on a Council device, provide and encourage the caller to use a non-council number for future calls.
- 7.10 For purposes other than usual community use, Council facilities may only be booked during the election period by persons, groups or organisations who are neutral with regard to the participating political parties or candidate campaigns.
- 7.11 If a Council facility is hired for the purposes of discussing issues before voters (e.g., a community candidate forum), then every candidate of the municipality, or of that Ward, must be invited to equally participate in the event.
- 7.12 The obligation to ensure fair and equitable participation for all candidates remains with the Hirer. Any feedback, enquiries or complaints on the running of the event will be directed to the Hirer.

7.13 Councillors’ Entitlement to Reimbursement

The organisation will continue to provide support to Councillors with respect to their normal day to day council business. Out-of-pocket expenses paid by Councillors during the election period for necessary costs incurred in the performance of their duties, which do not relate to any election campaign, will be reimbursed as normal.

8. Council Information

- 8.1 All election candidates have rights to information relevant to their campaigns from Council, subject to legislative constraints, such as:
- Sections 123 of the Act, which prohibits Councillor-candidates from misusing or inappropriately making use of their positions
 - The *Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014*.

- 8.2 Councillors will continue to receive information necessary to fulfill their existing roles during the election period. Beyond this, only information that is readily available to any member of the public will be provided to any candidate.
- 8.3 Access to historical briefing and workshop papers will be suspended for the duration of the election period. Council Meeting papers may continue to be accessed by anyone via the Council website.
- 8.4 No information other than what would normally be made available to any member of the public on request will be provided to a Councillor or a candidate. Neither Councillors nor candidates will receive information or advice from Council staff that might be perceived to support election campaigns.
- 8.5 Council staff when carrying out their duties must not offer comment to members of the public about any Councillors or candidates, except to provide contact details for current Councillors.
- 8.6 Information requests – process, record, and access
- 8.6.1 Council may receive requests for information from candidates during the election period. All candidates must have access to the same level of information wherever possible.
- 8.6.2 To enable this to occur, an Information Request Register will be maintained by the Governance unit during the election period. This Register will be a publicly available document and will record requests by all candidates who seek information relating to electoral matters or general enquiries, and the responses provided by Officers.
- 8.6.3 Any candidate may, upon request, obtain a copy of the Information Request Register by emailing the Governance unit.
- 8.6.4 The CEO, or their delegate, may at their discretion automatically circulate to all candidates a response to any request recorded in the Information Request Register.

8.7 Council Officers

Council Officers are prohibited from undertaking any tasks connected directly or indirectly with an election campaign and must avoid actions that may create a perception that they are assisting Councillors with their campaign.

9. Electoral Signage and Electioneering

- 9.1 Councillors, like other candidates, must comply with Council's Electoral Signage and Electioneering Guidelines. The guidelines include the City of Port Phillip Planning Scheme Requirements and Community Amenity Local Law requirements for what sort of signs can be displayed during an election, and rules for when candidates or their supporters are electioneering in public places. The guidelines are included at the end of this Policy.

10. Equity in assistance to candidates

The Council affirms that all candidates for the Council election will be treated equally.

10.1 Candidate assistance and advice

Any assistance and advice to be provided to candidates as part of the conduct of the Council election will be provided equally to all candidates.

10.2 Officers as a candidate

10.2.1 An Officer is not prevented from nominating as a candidate at an election. Upon becoming a candidate in a Port Phillip City Council election, the Officer must:

- Inform the CEO;
- Take leave from their duties at least for the duration of the election period in accordance with sections 34 and 256 the Act;
- Return any Council equipment (including, but not limited to, motor vehicles, telephones and computers), documents or information that is not available to the public at least for the duration of the election.

10.3 If elected, immediately resign from their employed position at Council prior to taking the oath or affirmation of office, in accordance with sections 34 and 256 Act.

10.4 Election process enquiries

All election process related enquiries from candidates, whether sitting Councillors or not, will be directed to the Victorian Electoral Commission appointed Election Manager or, where the matter is outside the responsibilities of the Election Manager, to the Head of Governance.

11. Breaches

11.1 Sections 123 and 124 of the Act prohibit Councillors from intentionally directing or seeking to direct a member of Council staff; or misusing their position to gain or attempt to gain, directly or indirectly, an advantage for themselves or for any other person; or to cause, or attempt to cause, detriment to the Council or another person.

11.2 Circumstances involving the misuse of a position by a Councillor or member of a delegated committee include—

- a) making improper use of information acquired as a result of the position the person held or holds; or
- b) disclosing information that is confidential information; or
- c) directing or improperly influencing, or seeking to direct or improperly influence, a member of Council staff; or
- d) exercising or performing, or purporting to exercise or perform, a power, duty or function that the person is not authorised to exercise or perform; or
- e) using public funds or resources in a manner that is improper or unauthorised; or
- f) participating in a decision on a matter in which the person has a conflict of interest.

11.3 A breach of section 123 attracts serious penalties, including possible imprisonment. Allegations of breaches of the Local Government Act are independently received and investigated by the Local Government Inspectorate.

11.4 Councillor Code of Conduct

11.4.1 Allegations of breaches of this Policy will be dealt with under the Internal Resolution Procedure of the Code of Conduct. The CEO will take the place of the Mayor in managing complaints received under the Election Period Policy.

11.4.2 Complaints must be directed to the CEO in writing, providing details of the alleged contravention, when it occurred and who it involved. The CEO will assess the information and follow the provisions of the Internal Resolution Procedure of the Code of Conduct including, where necessary, the appointment of an external arbiter.

11.5 Suspension of matters during election period

In accordance with section 173 of the Act, any applications made, or proceedings before a Councillor Conduct Panel or the Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal regarding the serious or gross misconduct of a person who is a Councillor, must be suspended during the election period for a general election.

11.6 Breach of policy

Any breach of this policy relating to Officer conduct is to be referred to the CEO.

Alleged breaches relating to all other matters are to be referred to the Local Government Inspectorate at email address inspectorate@lgi.vic.gov.au or phone 1800 469 359.

12. Related legislation and documents

Local Government Act 2020

Local Government (Elections) Regulations

Councillor Code of Conduct

Community Amenity Local Law requirements

City of Port Phillip Planning Scheme

13. Version History

Version number	Document Set ID (ECM)	Date	Authorised by
1.0	E125582/20	19 August 2020	Adopted by Council
2.0	7594877	1 November 2023	Adopted by Council

ELECTORAL SIGNAGE

What sort of sign can I display during an election?

Community Amenity Local Law 2023 requirements for public land and buildings.

50. Political Signs

- (1) A person must not affix, erect, install or otherwise display a political sign on Council Land or a building or structure or other thing on Council Land.
- (2) For the purpose of sub-clause (1) a political sign means any sign which displays, promotes or otherwise identifies a political candidate or political party.
- (3) Clause (1) does not apply if the signage is authorised under this or any other law.

City of Port Phillip Planning Scheme Requirement

A permit is not required to display a sign with an advertisement area not exceeding five square metres publicising a local political event not held for commercial purposes.

The requirements are:

- *Only one sign can be displayed on the land*
- *The sign must not be animated*
- *The sign must not be internally illuminated*
- *The sign must not be displayed for more than 3 months and must be removed within 14 days of the event*

A sign publicising a local political event may include information about a candidate for an election.

(This section of the Planning Scheme is a mandatory State Government requirement).

The sign can be displayed on a person's own land or another person's land if permission of the landowner has been granted.

Signs not compliant with these requirements are subject to a Council Planning application.

Electoral advertising cannot be displayed on or in any Council building or Council notice board, or on any Council land, including median strips and footpaths.

Electoral material must follow the requirements of the relevant electoral legislation.

ELECTIONEERING

When candidates or their supporters are electioneering in public places, they must be aware of the following:

- A candidate / supporter may handout electoral material in a public place, that is, streets and parks within the control of Council, but not within Council buildings or premises.
- Electoral material must follow the requirements of relevant electoral legislation.
- Council will not require a fee or a permit if a candidate / supporter is standing at a small table with a sign (note planning requirements) handing out electoral material.
- Persons distributing electoral material must be aware of public safety and community amenity, and must leave a minimum 1.2 metre wide pedestrian access on the footpath.
- Any tables and signs placed in front of Council, commercial or residential properties must be located with the agreement of the adjoining owner / occupier.
- No electoral material is to be posted on Council property including buildings, noticeboards, land, fences, street lighting posts, etc.,. Any such postings will be subjected to a Local Laws Enforcement investigation.

Any electoral material posted on private property without the authority of the owner may be referred to the Police for investigation.



City of Port Phillip

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